Key Vocabulary	
Abolition	Ending something
Missionary	A person spreading religious beliefs.
Navigation	Finding a way using maps, stars, or landmarks.
Africa	A continent.
Colony	A country or area controlled by another country.
Trade Route	A path used for buying and selling goods.
Explorer	Someone who travels to discover new places

Who Was David Livingstone?	Key Expeditions
 Born: 1813 in Blantyre, Scotland. Profession: Missionary, doctor, explorer. Why he explored Africa: Scientific discovery (geography, nature, wildlife). Religious reasons (spreading Christianity). 	 Explored the Zambezi River. First European to see Victoria Falls. Searched for the source of the River Nile.

The Challenges of Exploration

David Livingstone faced dangers like malaria, wild animals, and extreme weather. He survived with medical supplies, dried food, and local help. Dense rainforests slowed travel, deserts lacked water, and rivers, though useful, had risks like rapids and crocodiles.

Timeline

1. Early Life (1813-1840)

- Born in 1813 in Blantyre, Scotland.
- Worked in a cotton mill while studying medicine and theology.
- Decided to become a missionary and doctor.

2. First Journey to Africa

- Arrived in South Africa in 1841 as a missionary.
- Explored deep into the continent, meeting African tribes.
- Discovered Victoria Falls in 1855.

3. Zambezi Expedition

- Led an expedition along the Zambezi River to find trade routes.
- Faced disease, hostile conditions, and loss of crew members.
- Expedition ended in 1864.

4. Search for the Nile

- Set out to find the source of the Nile River.
- Suffered from illness and lack of supplies.
- In 1871, famously met journalist Henry Morton Stanley, who said, "Dr. Livingstone, I presume?"

5. Final Years and Legacy

- Continued exploring despite poor health.
- Died in 1873 in present-day Zambia.
- His work helped end the slave trade and expanded knowledge of Africa.



